United States Department of Agriculture Office of Ethics:
Request for Prior Approval of Outside Activity / Employment
(For employees of ARS, ERS, NASS and NIFA)

Definition of Employment 5 C.F.R. 8301.102(b): “Employment” means any form of non-Federal employment or business relationship or activity involving the provision of personal services by the employee for direct, indirect, or deferred compensation other than reimbursement of actual and necessary expenses. It also includes, irrespective of compensation, the following outside activities:

(1) Providing personal services as a consultant or professional, including service as a witness or as an attorney; and (2) Providing personal services to a for-profit entity as an officer, director, employee, agent, attorney, consultant, contractor, general partner, or trustee, which involves decision-making or policy-making for the non-Federal entity, or the provision of advice or counsel.

You may not take action in your official capacity on any matter related to your outside activity or employment irrespective of your outside activity or employment being an exempted compensated or non-compensated position listed below. See 18 U.S.C. § 208, 5 C.F.R. § 2635.502(e), and 5 CFR 2635.702. At all times you must review whether your personal involvement may affect your impartiality.

Compensated Positions Exempt from Completing Outside Employment Application
(Examples are not all-inclusive)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Athletic Programs</th>
<th>Distributors / Vendors / Sales Staff</th>
<th>Musicians / Entertainment Venues</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Coach, referee, Sports Instructor, gym)</td>
<td>(Juice Bowl Distributor, Ushers, Cosmetic sales, Jewelry sales, Video sales, Amway, Pampered Chef, Travel &amp; Tours)</td>
<td>(Music teachers, concert staff, ushers)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bail Bondsmen</td>
<td></td>
<td>Novelty Acts / Adult Entertainment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Girl Scouts, Boy Scouts)</td>
<td></td>
<td>(Exotic dancers, snake charmers, magicians)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cashier /Stock Person</td>
<td></td>
<td>Radio - Television Broadcaster</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Department stores, home improvement, supermarkets)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Religious Establishments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Construction, farming, landscape)</td>
<td></td>
<td>(Staff, part-time workers,)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desk Clerks/ Waiter/ Bartender</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sanitation Worker</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Hotels, Restaurants, Cashiers, Valets)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Tax Preparer</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Professional Services and the Scope of the Prior Approval Requirement: 8301.102(b)(1) requires prior approval for positions where an employee is providing personal services as a consultant or professional, regardless of whether the positions are compensated. The USDA Office of Ethics has interpreted “professional services” to mean those services that require a professional license (e.g., work as a physician, lawyer, Certified Public Accountant, real estate agent, appraiser, etc.). Examples follow:

- American Realtors Association, non-profit, President (real estate license required for position)
- National Association of Certified Public Accountants, non-profit, Treasurer (CPA license required for position)
Any **non-compensated positions with non-profit entities would not require prior approval under the regulation**. Examples follow:

- **Boy Scouts of America, non-profit, Board Member**
- **Friends of National Public Radio, non-profit, Treasurer**

**Who Is Required to Complete this Form?**

- All USDA employees who file financial disclosure reports (via the OGE-278 or the OGE-450 forms) and employees who serve in collateral duty positions such as ARS-Principal Investigators (ARS-PIs), Contracting Officer’s Representatives or Technical Representatives (CORs and COTRs) who complete form **SEB-102, Conflict of Interest Certification**, are required to seek prior approval of outside employment. (See **USDA Supplemental Ethics Regulation at 5 CFR Part 8301**)

NOTE: Special Government Employees (ARS Collaborators and NIFA Panel Managers) are not required to submit the OE-101 form.

**Return the completed OE-101 form through your supervisor to your appropriate agency ethics contact at:**


More detailed instructions on completing the OE-101 form begin on the following page.
INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF OUTSIDE ACTIVITY

An employee who is required to file either a public or confidential disclosure report (OGE-278 or OGE-450), form SEB-102, Conflict of Interest Certification, or an alternative form of reporting approved by the Office of Government Ethics, is required to seek prior approval for outside activities before engaging in the outside activity (5 CFR 8301.101-102). This prior approval is sought by submitting the OE-101.

The OE-101, Request for Approval of Outside Activity, is divided into 6 parts. The employee is responsible for completing Parts I-III; the Immediate Supervisor must complete Part IV and the Agency Ethics Official completes Part V with concurrence from the USDA Office of Ethics in Part VI. Incomplete packages may be returned without action. It is the employee’s responsibility to ensure that all required information is provided and that the request form is complete.

GETTING STARTED

Gather information about the proposed Outside Activity, including any documents that must be Submitted (i.e., invitation letter, syllabus, agenda or outline). You are also required to submit a copy of your official position description.

COMPLETING THE FORM

Indicate whether this is the Initial Request, Revised Request, or a Renewal by checking the appropriate block. Note: Renewals must be submitted within 30 days prior to the expiration of the period authorized.

Part I – EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

Items 1-7 are self-explanatory. Item #6 requires that you indicate which financial disclosure form you file (OGE-278 or OGE-450), or Other (SEB-102 or non-filer).

Part II – OUTSIDE ACTIVITY INFORMATION

Provide the information requested about the proposed Outside Activity.

1. Nature of Outside Activity. Mark the block which best describes the type of activity you are requesting.

   Describe. Thoroughly describe the activity, using non-scientific terms when possible.

   Example: “Teaching”. The proposed activity involves teaching a basic biology course at the University of Maryland Global Campus. The course, entitled Basic Biology (BIO 101), is an introductory, undergraduate level course covering basic biological terminology, basic biological functions, and basic laboratory experiments. No specific research information from my current or unpublished government research is expected to be part of the class. The syllabus is attached. The course is regularly scheduled during the fall and spring semesters, and occasionally during a summer session.
Self-Employed Activity. If you plan to be self-employed as described on the form, mark this box. Describe your service or product, your intended clients, \textit{i.e.}, specify the type of business, industry, or economic section.

Teaching, Speaking or Writing. If a written invitation was received for this activity, attach a copy. For activities involving teaching, speaking, or writing, provide a syllabus, outline, summary, synopsis, draft, or similar description of the content and subject matter involved in the course, speech or written product (including, if available, a copy of the text of any speech) and the proposed text of any disclaimer that indicates the views expressed to not necessarily represent the views of USDA or the United States. Check the applicable boxes, indicating that these materials are attached. If you are unable to provide this information or will be delayed in submitting the attachments, please explain.

Text of Disclaimer. If your activity requires a disclaimer, mark the box to indicate that you have attached the disclaimer.

\textbf{Example Disclaimer Text:} "This commentary was written by Dr. John Doe in his private capacity. The views expressed in this article/speech do not represent the views of or endorsement by the United States Government or the United States Department of Agriculture."

2. Outside Employer or Other Entity: Provide the full name of the outside entity with which you propose to engage in an Outside Activity. Also provide the full name and title of your contact person at that organization. If you are requesting approval of self-employment, indicate “self-employment” and continue to question #3.

3. Outside Employer or Entity Address and Phone Number: Provide the full address of the outside entity, as indicated. If you are requesting approval of self-employment, enter the address of your proposed outside office.

4. Location: Provide the location from where the activity will be conducted. If you are requesting approval of self-employment, enter the address of your proposed outside office.

5. Travel: Indicate the location where the activity or services will be performed. Indicate whether travel is involved by checking yes or no. If yes, indicate whether travel-related expenses will be at your own (personal) expense, or if the outside entity will provide in kind expenses (ticket, hotels, and/or meals paid directly by the entity), or will reimburse you. Include the estimated amount and describe what that entails. Do not report the honorarium, fee, or other payment for services here.

\textbf{Example:} Round trip coach class airfare (approximately $700); 7 days lodging (approximately $1200); per diem (approximately $600); incidental expenses (approximately $500).
6. **Time:** Indicate fully the time frame involved.

   a. **Period covered:** Indicate the proposed start date and end date, using the format indicated, including travel time. If there is a significant change in the nature of the outside activity or in your position, another request must be submitted.

   b. **Estimated Total Time Devoted to the Proposed Activity:** Indicate the total number of hours per day, the number of days per week, and the number of weeks in the year during which you plan to engage in the proposed activity. For partial hours/days/weeks, round up to the nearest hour/day/week.

   c. **Will work be performed entirely outside of usual working hours?** Check either yes or no. If your answer is no, indicate the anticipated amount and type of leave you will use (i.e., approved annual leave or approved leave without pay).

7. **Compensation:** Indicate whether the activity is compensated, and if yes, answer the remainder of the question. Exclude travel expenses reported above, in #5.

   a. **Method or Basis of Compensation.** Check each type of compensation that applies. If any non-travel related expenses will be reimbursed, describe that here. For example, indicate if you will receive reimbursement for expenses incurred in preparing for the activity, such as copying handouts.

   b. **Payor:** If the entity which pays you is someone other than the entity to which you are providing services under this request (e.g., different than the entity listed in Part II), provide the full name of the entity who will pay you and explain why, e.g., check issued by logistics or marketing firm hired by the outside entity to organize the meeting.

   c. **Funding Source:** If your answer is “Yes” that funds will come from USDA, explain fully.

      *Example:* You are presenting a talk at a conference which is receiving partial support from the USDA. Your compensation must be paid from the portion of funds derived from other than USDA funds. You may need to explain that in writing to the entity which invites you, and the entity must certify that no USDA funds are being used to compensate you.

   d. **Grantee, Contractor, or Other Status.** Complete this section only for consultative or other professional services. Indicate whether the outside entity is a current grantee, contractor, or in another way will receive or intends to seek USDA funds, separate from your proposed Outside Activity. If your answer is “Yes”, explain fully. Seek information from the proposed outside employer, if necessary, to adequately respond.
**PART III - OFFICIAL DUTY INFORMATION**

This section requests information about your current official duties and responsibilities to permit an adequate conflict analysis between the proposed activity and your current official work.

1. **Nature of Official Duties:** Either attach a Position Description that accurately describes your current duties or describe your main duties and responsibilities here. Include the topic and substance of your research; the specifics about your administrative duties; the types of outside entities with which you routinely interact; and what that interaction involves. You may use official descriptions of your office, but you must also include a description of the substance of what you do officially, e.g., research in what specific areas, or manage grants in what program area.

2. **Relationship of Official Duties to Outside Activity:** Describe any of your official duties which relate in any way to the proposed activity. If there is no relatedness, explain why there is none.

3. **Effect of Official Duties on Outside Employer or Entity:** In performing your official duties, are there any matters which would affect the interests of the proposed outside employer? Explain why or why not.

4. **Assignments Involving Outside Employer or Entity:** Describe any official interactions or matters involving the outside entity in which you were involved during the past year, for example, grant applications you reviewed, pending decisions, or any other particular matters involving the proposed outside organization. Include all facts about the situation to permit a full and complete analysis. The following examples are illustrative only and are not meant to imply that such activities would always be approved.

   **Example 1:** Approximately 3 months ago, I reviewed a grant application from this university. The application was not funded and there has been no further interaction with the university.

   **Example 2:** I am working on a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) involving the outside organization, but I have no decision-making responsibilities and have no contact with the CRADA partner in my official capacity. My official work is purely technical assistance behind the scenes, a function I may do for any number of CRADAs and other projects being undertaken in the lab.

5. **Certification:** Sign and date, certifying that the responses are true and complete to the best of your knowledge. Note that you need to read the notices in Part VI of the form prior to signing. Your signature certifies that you have read the Notices and will abide by the requirements therein.

**Part IV – IMMEDIATE SUPERVISOR RECOMMENDATION**

This section must be reviewed and completed by your immediate supervisor, paying particular attention to completion of Item #2 Immediate Supervisor’s Statement. Without the supervisor’s statement and signature, the form will be returned for being incomplete.
Part V – APPROVING AGENCY OFFICIAL SIGNATURE

This section is completed and signed by your Agency/Area Ethics Advisor or Agency Ethics Liaison. A current listing of Agency Ethics contacts may be found here.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION MAY BE REQUIRED

Review the following questions. Do not hesitate to contact the USDA Office of Ethics for additional guidance prior to submission of your request.

IS THE OUTSIDE ENTITY A FOREIGN ORGANIZATION?

The Emoluments Clause of the US Constitution prohibits a federal employee from accepting employment, gifts, or compensation from any foreign government, including any entity which is owned or operated by the foreign government, unless Congress gives its consent. Congress gave consent for some activities in the Foreign Gifts and Decorations Act (FGDA). If your proposed activity is with a foreign entity, please provide the following information:

1) What is the funding source – government or private sector?

2) Is the foreign entity an educational institution? Does the educational institution operate autonomously? For purposes of the Emoluments Clause, operating autonomously means that the institution establishes its own rules, appoints board members, and makes all hiring decisions, all without intervention or approval by the government. In addition, its employees are NOT considered Government employees.

3) Does the educational institution establish its own constitution, bylaws, and operating rules without a government official reviewing and approving them? If the government official must approve them, then the government runs the university.

4) Who appoints the Board? If the government appoints any board members, what percentage are appointed by the government? If the government appoints the majority of the board members, that means the government runs the university.

5) Are the employees of the educational institution considered government workers? If yes, then it is an entity of the foreign government.

6) Does a government official or agency oversee the institution and approve or disapprove the decisions? This means operational decisions, not the general government oversight of all universities to ensure they are compliant with the laws of the nation.
EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES

Please be reminded that you are still responsible for adhering to all applicable ethics laws and regulations and recusing yourself from taking any action related to outside activities or employment in your official capacity:

- **Under 18 U.S.C. 208**, You are prohibited from participating personally and substantially in any particular matter that would have a direct and predictable effect on your financial interests or those of certain other persons or organizations (including trusts) identified in section 208.

- **Under 18 U.S.C. 203/205**, You may not represent someone before a court or agency of the Federal government or accept compensation for someone else's representation on a matter in which the U.S. is a party or has an interest. There are exceptions for testifying under oath, for representing yourself or members of your immediate family.

- **Under 5 C.F.R. 2635.502(e)**, Unless you are specifically authorized to do so by the agency designee, you may not participate in any particular matter involving specific parties where you or the agency designee have concluded that the financial interest of a member of your household, or the role of a person with whom you have a covered relationship, is likely to raise a question in the mind of a reasonable person about your impartiality.

- **Under 5 C.F.R 2635.702**, You shall not use your public office for private gain, for the endorsement or any product, service or enterprise, or for the private gain of friends, relatives, or persons with whom you are affiliated in a nongovernmental capacity, including but not limited to persons with whom you may seek employment or business relations.

- **Under 5 CFR 2635.704**, You shall not use Government property, including official time, for other than authorized purposes.
APPROVAL OF AN OUTSIDE ACTIVITY DOES NOT RELEASE YOU FROM A CONTINUING LEGAL OBLIGATION TO DISQUALIFY YOURSELF FROM OFFICIAL ASSIGNMENTS AFFECTING YOUR OUTSIDE EMPLOYER OR THE ENTITY TO WHICH YOU ARE PROVIDING PERSONAL SERVICES. WHILE PERFORMING AN APPROVED OUTSIDE ACTIVITY, ANY ACTIONS TAKEN IN CONFLICT WITH APPLICABLE ETHICS LAWS MAY SUBJECT YOU TO CRIMINAL PROSECUTION OR DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Conflict Resolution. An approved OE-101 form does not signify that you need not be concerned about conflicts of interest. Under the law, conflicts of interest arising out of outside employment or service in a fiduciary position can be resolved in advance in only three ways:

(1) You can inform your supervisor and disqualify yourself from participating in a conflicting government matter (via a recusal);

(2) You can seek, only if certain legal requirements are satisfied, a separate legal document from your agency designee that specifically permits you to work on the government matter (via a waiver), or

(3) You can resign from either your government or outside position. Outside relationships that fall short of actual employment or a fiduciary role also pose similar appearance concerns.

Effect of Prior Approval. The outside activities prior approval process has very limited purposes. When a reviewer approves an OE-101 for your outside activity, two fundamental assessments are being made, which are discussed below. You reasonably may rely on these specific determinations only if you provided all relevant information on the form and the circumstances under review do not change. You remain responsible for the legal and ethical consequences of any change in personal or business affairs or a change in your government duties.

First, based on the information which you provide, the reviewer determines whether your proposed activity is prohibited by applicable statutes or regulations, including the provisions of ethical standards governing appearances of impropriety. For example, if you want to lobby Federal agencies on behalf of a non-profit organization that employs you, prior approval will be denied because a criminal statute prohibits such representational activities.

Second, assuming your proposed activity is not specifically prohibited, the reviewer determines whether, under the circumstances, approval should be denied for other reasons specified under the law. For example, the reviewer may deny approval if the facts show that you used your government position to obtain an outside compensated business opportunity or if the activity would create the appearance that you are violating the law or ethical standards. Another common reason for denying approval is that the outside activity may prevent you from handling work that is expected of you. Because the outside activity may cause you to have to disqualify yourself from a broad range of job assignments, or even a few crucial projects, that will affect your outside employer or the entity to which you provide personal services, it may be impossible for you to fully discharge your government duties.
If, however, your outside activity is approved, the reviewer has determined that the matters in which you will not be allowed to participate are not “so central or critical to the performance of [your] official duties” that your ability to perform the duties of your position would be materially impaired. In other words, you cannot work on a government matter affecting your outside employer, but the reviewer expects that you will be able to stay away from these assignments and still do your job.

**Recusal Obligations.** When performing your Government duties, you must not participate in any government matter that will affect your own self-interest in continuing your outside activity. For example, you would have to disqualify yourself from participating in any official matter that might put your outside employer out of business or seriously affect its finances, either positively or negatively, so that the odds of your remaining employed are also affected. In addition, when you work for an outside employer or serve in a fiduciary role with an organization, the financial interests of that company or organization are considered to be your own. As a result, if the company or organization has a financial interest in how a government matter will be resolved, you cannot work on that matter. This means that you cannot work on a government matter that involves or affects your outside employer as a specific party, such as a contract, grant, audit, investigation or litigation. The law also requires you to stay away from government matters that are larger in scope, such as deliberations and decisions on developing, implementing, or enforcing statutes, regulations, policies, studies, or proposals, that will have an effect on a large class of employers like the one for which you work on the outside. For example, if you were permitted to have an outside position as an employee of a nonprofit organization, you could not participate personally in any significant way in a policy decision that affects the financial interests of the organizational sector in which these employers operate.

**Scope of Recusal.** Although many employees understand the need to disqualify themselves from participating in an official matter that affects their outside employer, they often believe erroneously that they can pick and choose among the various aspects of a particular matter and stay away only from the important decisions. Such incomplete recusals will not protect you from a criminal conflict of interest violation. You must refrain entirely and absolutely from participating personally and substantially in a government matter that affects your own financial interest or that of an outside employer. When you are involved significantly in proposing, planning, advising, deciding, or implementing some official action, and you do so individually or by actively directing subordinates, your participation is personal and substantial. Contact your Agency Ethics Official concerning recusal procedures.